Implementing a Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) Strategy for the Conduct of the 2020 Census

Eric N. Atala Jordan K. ThomasU.S. Census Bureau

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Project Description

- **BYOD** refers to a policy of permitting employees to use personally owned mobile devices to access company information and applications.
- In this case, Census is asking enumerators to collect information with their personally owned mobile devices.
- 2014 Test: "Proof of Concept"
- 2015 Test: First collection of Personally Identifiable Information (PII)
- Goal: For the 2020 Census, **75**% of the temporary enumerators hired will use their own smartphones or other appropriate mobile devices (e.g., tablets) to perform their enumeration tasks, utilizing Census supplied applications.

BYOD Project Team

Objective: 75% of Enumerators in 2020 Census will use their own mobile devices

GFE*
Mobile
Devices

Cost/Benefit Analysis

Field Testing

Policy

Mobile Technical Group

- Still need to purchase 25%
- Flexible
 Device &
 Accessory
 Acquisition
 Strategy

• Savings of **\$208.9M**

- At 75% BYOD
- Every 10% increase in BYOD users saves
 *\$28M
- 2014 "Crawl"
 - HQ Census (Sep 14)
 - Proof of Concept
- 2015 "Walk"
 - Maricopa (Jul 15)
 - First PII collection
 - Reimbursement
- 2016 "Run"
- 75% of enumerators use their own devices

- Acceptable Use Policy
- Privacy
- Reimbursement

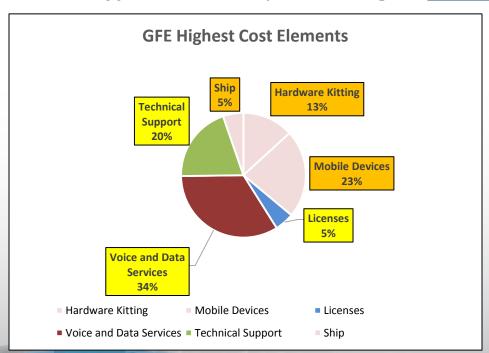
- Device Management
 v. App Management
- Security
- PII

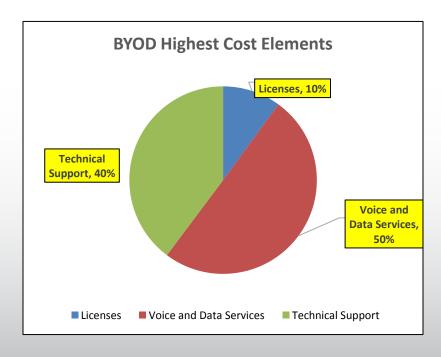
* Government Furnished Equipment



GFE Mobile Devices

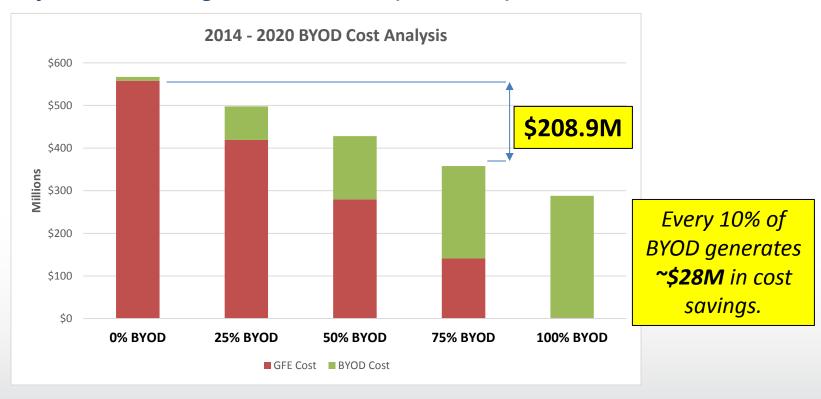
- 2020 Census: Extrapolating numbers from 2010, there may be over 400,000 mobile devices needed to conduct enumeration duties
- GFE includes additional costs beyond device and voice/data services
- The **hypothesis** is implementing an <u>effective</u> BYOD strategy will save money





Cost/Benefit Analysis

Projected cost savings at the 25%/75% (GFE/BYOD) ratio is \$208.9M



Benefit: Implementing a BYOD solution achieves the same data collection capability, reliability, and security at a significantly lower cost than GFE.

BYOD Testing

- 2015 BYOD Test: 6-21 July
 - Up to 125 participants will bring their own devices
 - Load Census approved applications (COMPASS, AnyConnect, Mobile Application Management (MAM))
 - All Census applications will be remotely removed at end of test

Objectives

- 1) How likely are people to use their own devices?
- 2) Are there differences between GFE and BYOD in terms of training?
- 3) Solicit feedback/comments from enumerators to prepare for 2016 and beyond.

BYOD Policy

2015 BYOD Acceptable Use Policy (AUP)

Covers Census Bureau equities while respecting the employee's privacy

Reimbursement Policy

- To be tested in the 2015 Census Site Test
- Desired result is to get inputs for further development in 2016

BYOD Technical Group

MDM vs. MAM

- Mobile Device Management (MDM) solutions manage the device down to the firmware and configuration settings and can include management of all applications and application data.
- MAM provides a lower degree of control over the device, but a higher level of control over applications and data collected but imposes minimal restrictions on the rest of the mobile device.

BYOD Technical Group

- Acquiring Mobile Application Management (MAM) licenses for 2015 Test
 - In addition to the MaaS360 MDM licenses to be used for the GFE
 - Currently evaluating submissions; On schedule for award in March (~\$25,000)
 - Develop an Authority to Operate (ATO) before July

BYOD Technical Group

Device Specifications

- Mobile devices will need to have at least <u>1GB</u> of free storage
 - iOS 7 or later
 - Android 4.4
 - Census application(s) will be sent to BYOD participants via text/or e-mail via MAM

2016

- Market research is ongoing
- Expanding to different form factors

Questions

Contact Information
<u>Eric.N.Atala@census.gov</u>
<u>Jordan.K.Thomas@census.gov</u>